

AkzoNobel

SAFETY DATA SHEET

TOPLAC PLUS YELLOW

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: TOPLAC PLUS YELLOW : YLK101

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses	
Professional use Industrial use Consumer use		
	Uses advised against	
All other uses		
Draduatuaa	L Colvert here easting for interior and exterior use	

Product use

: Solvent borne coating for interior and exterior use.

Supplier's details

Date of previous issue

Akzo Nobel Coatin International Paint 6001 Antoine Drive Houston, Texas 77 International Paint International Paint	LLC 9 091	Cía. Mexicana de Pinturas International, S.A. de C.V. Carretera Anillo Periférico, No Ext 205, No Interior A, Colonia HDA S JOSE, Garcia Garcia, CP 66000, Nuevo Leon.
110 Woodbine Dov Unit #4 Etobicoke, Canada M9W 5S6	zo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 9 Woodbine Downs Blvd. t #4 Etobicoke, Ontario nada M9W 5S6 ernational Paint (International) 1-713-682-1711	
rgency telephone ber (with hours of	: CHEMTREC (USA) +1 (8 CHEMTREC (Internation	

Emergency telephone	: CHEMTREC (USA) +1 (800) 424-9300 (24Hr)
number (with hours of	CHEMTREC (International) +1 (703) 527-3887
operation)	Domestic Poison Control Center Customer Service +1 (800) 854-6813

Section 2. Hazards identification

: 3/14/2023

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Signal word	: Warning	
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXIC Category 3	CITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardou (29 CFR 1910.1200).	us by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

1/12

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, sparks and hot surfaces. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Other drying alkyd resins	≥50 - ≤75	-
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	≥10 - ≤25	64742-48-9
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≤10	64742-48-9
bismuth vanadium tetraoxide	≤5	14059-33-7
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≤5	64742-48-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

moor important of inpromoto	110	sto, douto una dolayou
Potential acute health effect	<u>:ts</u>	
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/symp	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	lica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is
	suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or
	self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to
	give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. nedia				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	o not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products r carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	nay include the following materials:		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01		
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	3/12	AkzoNobel	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
0		

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	contact with eyes, skin a adequate ventilation. We not enter storage areas a original container or an a tightly closed when not ir any other ignition source material handling) equipr	onal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with ear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or e. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and ment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary ostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled, stored and proc drinking and smoking. R	oking should be prohibited in areas where this material is cessed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene
Date of issue/Date of revision	· 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Other drying alkyd resins	None.	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	None.	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	None.	
bismuth vanadium tetraoxide	None.	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	None.	

Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or
controls	other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure

controls controls controls controls controls comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and usi Appropriate techniques	and face thoroughly after handling che ng the lavatory and at the end of the v should be used to remove potentially ching before reusing. Ensure that eye workstation location.	vorking period. contaminated clothing.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates th gases or dusts. If conta	ng with an approved standard should is is necessary to avoid exposure to li ct is possible, the following protection is a higher degree of protection: safe	quid splashes, mists, should be worn, unless
Skin protection			
Hand protection	worn at all times when h necessary. Considering during use that the glove noted that the time to bro glove manufacturers. In	ervious gloves complying with an appl andling chemical products if a risk as the parameters specified by the glove as are still retaining their protective pro eakthrough for any glove material may the case of mixtures, consisting of se oves cannot be accurately estimated.	sessment indicates this is e manufacturer, check operties. It should be y be different for different
Body protection	performed and the risks handling this product. W static protective clothing	pment for the body should be selecter involved and should be approved by a /hen there is a risk of ignition from sta . For the greatest protection from sta c overalls, boots and gloves.	a specialist before atic electricity, wear anti-
Other skin protection		d any additional skin protection meas performed and the risks involved and g this product.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	5/12	AkzoNobe

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Yellow.
Odor	:	Solvent.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 47°C (116.6°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Not available.

÷

÷

Vapor pressure

Solubility(ies)

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			\	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
methanol	126.96	16.9					
toluene	23.17	3.1					
ethylbenzene	9.3	1.2					
xylene	6.7	0.89					
cumene	3.72	0.5					
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	2.25	0.3					
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	1.73	0.23					
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75 to 2.25	0.1 to 0.3					
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75 to 2.25	0.1 to 0.3					
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1					
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75 to 2.25	0.1 to 0.3					
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	0.23 to 0.45	0.031 to 0.06					
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	0.05	0.0067					
2-[(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]- N-(2-methoxyphenyl) -3-oxobutyramide	0	0					
elative vapor density	: Not ava	ilable.					
ensity	: 0.994 g/	′cm³ [DIN EN	ISO 2811-1]				

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	6/12	AkzoNobel

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble [OESO (TG 105)]

Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable.

1

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-[(2-methoxy-4-nitrophenyl)azo]-N- (2-methoxyphenyl)-3-oxobutyramide	180	356	VDI 2263
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	207	404.6	EU A.15
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	>220	>428	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Decanedioic acid, 1,10-bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl) ester, reaction products with tert-Bu hydroperoxide and octane	280	536	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
2-butanone oxime	314 to 317	597.2 to 602.6	EU A.15
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one	345	653	
cumene	424	795.2	
xylene	432	809.6	
ethylbenzene	432.22	810	
methanol	455	851	DIN 51794
toluene	480	896	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	500	932	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity

: Kinematic (room temperature): 423 mm²/s (423 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 420 mm²/s (420 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid		of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pr r expose containers to heat or sources	
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible volume oxidizing materials	with the following materials:	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	7/12	AkzoNobel

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition
products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m³	4 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor		>6 g/kg 8500 mg/m³	- 4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	8/12	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
bismuth vanadium tetraoxide Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	<14 10 to 2500	low high

Mobility in soil

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	9/12	AkzoNobel

Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	111	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification	or ai		"Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are		
IMDG	<u>Visc</u> pack	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5. <u>IMDG Code Segregation group</u> Not applicable			
Special precautions for user	uprig	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not a	available.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1	/2023	Version : 1.01		
Date of previous issue	: 3/1	4/2023	10/12 AkzoNob	el	

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory Not determined. (TSCA 8b):		
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This is a new product solely for research and development use. It contains chemicals which are not listed on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory and cannot be distributed by itself or as a part of another product for commercial purposes. It is to be used only by/ under the direct supervision of a technically qualified individual. This material's chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Its handling or use may be hazardous. Caution must be exercised through the use of protective equipment and handling procedures to minimize exposure.		
State regulations			
Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.		
New York	: None of the components are listed.		
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.		
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.		
California Prop. 65			

MARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Type of toxicity
ethylbenzene	Yes.	-	Cancer
methanol	-	Yes.	Developmental
cumene	-	-	Cancer
toluene	-	Yes.	Developmental

Inventory list

Canada

: At least one component is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification Classification Justification FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 On basis of test data SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -Calculation method Category 3 **History** Date of printing : 7 June 2023 Date of issue/ Date of : 1 May 2023 revision Date of previous issue : 14 March 2023 Version : 1.01 **Unique ID** 2 Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/1/2023	Version : 1.01	
Date of previous issue	: 3/14/2023	11/12	AkzoNobel

Section 16. Other information

IMPORTANT NOTE: the information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates.

Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

MANUFACTURER'S DISCLAIMER: the conditions, methods and factors affecting the handling, storage, application, use and disposal of the product are not under the control and knowledge of the manufacturer. Therefore the manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any adverse events which may occur in the handling, storage, application, use, misuse or disposal of the product and, so far as permitted by applicable law, the manufacturer expressly disclaims liability for any and all loss, damages and/or expenses arising out of or in any way connected to the storage, handling, use or disposal of the product. Safe handling, storage, use and disposal are the responsibility of the users. Users must comply with all applicable health and safety laws.

Unless we have agreed to the contrary, all products are supplied by us subject to our standard terms and conditions of business, which include limitations of liability. Please make sure to refer to these and / or the relevant agreement which you have with AkzoNobel (or its affiliate, as the case may be). © AkzoNobel