Product Name: White Gel-Kote Product identifier: 105677 Revision Date: 08-19-2016 Replaces:



| 1. Identification | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Product identifier used on the label: | | | | | |
| Product Name: Product identifier: | White Gel-Kote 105677 | | | | |
| Other means of identification | | | | | |
| Synonyms: | No data available | | | | |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use: | Polyester Repair Paste | | | | |
| Name, address, and telephone nu | mber of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party | | | | |
| Chemical Manufacturer / Importer / Distributor: | ITW Evercoat a division of Illinois Tool Works Inc. 6600 Cornell Road Cincinnati, OH 45242 513-489-7600 | | | | |
| Emergency phone number: | CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC: 1-613-996-6666 | | | | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols:



GHS Classification:Reproductive Toxicity Category 1B
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 1
Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure Category 1
Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A
Germ Cell Mutagenicity Category 2
Carcinogenicity Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Category 2
Flammable Liquid Category 3
Acute Toxicity - Inhalation Dust / Mist Category 4GHS Signal Word:Danger

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| GHS Hazard Statements: | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Causes skin irritation. |
| | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | Harmful if inhaled. |
| | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| | Causes damage to organs. |
| | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. |
| GHS Precautionary Statements: | |
| Safety Precautions: | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| 5 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| | Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking. |
| | Keep container tightly closed. |
| | Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. |
| | Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. |
| | Use only non-sparking tools. |
| | Take precautionary measures against static discharge. |
| | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| | Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. |
| | Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| | Avoid release to the environment. |
| | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| First Aid Measures: | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. |
| | Rinse skin with water/shower. |
| | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. |
| | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses |
| | if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| | IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. |
| | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| | Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. |
| | Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |
| | Specific treatment (see on this label). |
| | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| | In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. |
| Storage: | Keep container tightly closed. |
| | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| | |
| | Store locked up. |
| Disposal: | Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with |

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local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

Hazards not otherwise classified:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

| 3. Composition/information on ingredients | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical Component: | CAS number and other unique identifiers | % (or range) of ingredient | | | | |
| Styrene | 100-42-5 | 30 - 60 | | | | |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | 3 - 7 | | | | |
| Amorphous Silica | 112945-52-5 | 1 - 5 | | | | |

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary measures, subdivided according to the different routes of exposure, i.e., inhalation, skin and eye contact, and ingestion:

| Eye Contact: | Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper & lower eye lids. Seek immediate medical attention. |
|---------------|--|
| Skin Contact: | Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and continue flushing with water. Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist Wash clothing before reuse. |
| Inhalation: | Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, have a trained individual administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and have a trained individual administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. Keep the victim warm and quiet. If the victim has stopped breathing open airway, loosen collar and belt, and administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, oxygen may be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. |
| Ingestion: | Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Drink two glasses of water or milk to dilute. Provide medical care provider with this MSDS. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on left side with head |
| | |

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| |

| Most important symptoms/effect | down. If possible, do not leave individual unattended. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs. ts, acute and delayed: |
|--|---|
| Most important symptoms/effects (Acute): Most important symptoms/effects (Delayed): | No data available No data available |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary: | No additional first aid information available |

| Suitable (and unsuitable) extingu | ishing media |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media: | Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, or dry chemical extinguishing agents. Water may be ineffective but water spray can be used extinguish a fire if swept across the base of the flames. Water can absorb heat and keep exposed material from being damaged by fire. Regular foam Carbon dioxide Dry chemical |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media: | No data available |
| Specific hazards arising from the | chemical (e.g., nature of any hazardous combustion products): |
| Fire and/or Explosion Hazards: | Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. |
| Hazardous Combustion Products: | Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide, Styrene oxide, Hydrocarbons |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for fire- fighters: | Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self- contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible auto ignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH approved) with a full face piece operated in the positive pressure demand mode with appropriate turn-out gear and chemical resistant personal protective equipment. |

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| 6. Accidental release measures | |
|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures: Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: | No health affects expected from the clean-up of this material if contact can be avoided. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this MSDS No special spill clean-up considerations. Collect and discard in regular trash. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do not allow smoking in the area. Activate available exhaust ventilation equipment in the immediate spill area. All personnel in the area should be protected as in Section 8. Avoid breathing vapors. Use an inert absorbent such as sand or vermiculite. Place in properly labeled closed container. |
| 7. Handling and storage | |
| Precautions for safe handling: | Mildly irritating material. Avoid unnecessary exposure. All hazard |

| Frecautions for sale nationity. | windly initiating material. Avoid unnecessary exposure. All hazard | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| | precautions given in the data sheet must be observed. Do not get in | | | |
| | eyes, on skin and clothing Wash hands before eating Use with | | | |
| | adequate ventilation Avoid contact with material, avoid breathing | | | |
| | dusts or fumes, use only in a well ventilated area. Do not take | | | |
| | internally. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep out of the | | | |
| | reach of children. | | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | | | | |

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| Conditions for safe storage: | Store in a cool dry ventilated location. Isolate from incompatible materials and conditions. Keep container(s) closed. Store in a cool dry place For maximum product quality, avoid prolonged storage at temperatures above 75 °F (25 °C). Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame Store in a tightly closed container Avoid contact with incompatible materials. |
|---|--|
| Materials to Avoid/Chemical Incompatibility: | Oxygen Peroxides Strong acids Strong oxidizing agents |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA permissible exposure limit (PEL), American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the safety data sheet, where available:

| Chemical Component | OSHA PEL | ACGIH TLV-TWA | ACGIH STEL | |
|--------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Styrene 100 ppm | | 20 ppm | 40 ppm STEL; 170 | |
| | | | mg/m3 STEL | |
| Titanium dioxide | 15 mg/m3 | 10 mg/m3 | No data available | |
| Amorphous Silica | 20 mppcf | No data available | No data available | |

Appropriate engineering

No exposure limits exist for the constituents of this product. Use

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| | 1 | | _ | - | - | - | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | | | - | |
| | _ | _ | | | | _ | | _ |

| controls: | local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to minimize exposures and maintain operator comfort. General or local ventilation or isolation may prove adequate to keep airborne exposures below exposure limits. Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should be used. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Individual protection measures, s | such as personal protective equipment: |
| Eye Protection: | Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product. Do not wear contact lenses. Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product. |
| Skin Protection: | Not normally considered a skin hazard. Where use can result in skin contact, practice good personal hygiene and wear a barrier cream and/or impervious surgical style gloves. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work. Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots |
| Respiratory Protection: | Respiratory protection may be required to avoid overexposure when handling this product. General or local exhaust ventilation is the preferred means of protection. Use a respirator if general room ventilation is not available or sufficient to eliminate symptoms. Use a NIOSH approved respirator designed to remove particulate matter and organic solvent vapors. |
| Other Protective Equipment: | Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product. Protective gloves and proper clothing should be worn to prevent skin contact. Gloves should be made of neoprene or natural rubber. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance (physical state, color, etc.): | |
|---|-------------------|
| Appearance (physical state): | Paste |
| Color: | White |
| Odor: | Aromatic |
| Odor threshold: | No data available |
| pH: | Neutral |
| Melting Point/Freezing Point (°C): | No data available |
| Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range (°C): | 145 |
| Flash Point (°C): | 33 |
| Evaporation Rate: | No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | No data available |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | 5: |

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| Neplaces. | |
|---|--|
| Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit (%): | 6.1 |
| Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit (%): | 1.1 |
| Vapor Pressure: | No data available |
| Vapor Density: | Heavier than air. Vapors that evolve from this product |
| | will tend to settle and accumulate near the floor. |
| Relative Density: | 1.11 |
| Solubility(ies): | Insoluble |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: | No data available |
| Auto-ignition Temperature (°C): | No data available |
| Decomposition Temperature: | No data available |
| Viscosity: | 78,000 - 96,000 |
| VOC (as packaged-less exempts and water): | 3.64 lbs/gal or 437 g/L |
| VOC (as applied*- 2% by wt hardener- less | 1.52 lbs/gal or 182 g/L |
| exempts and water): | |
| Percent Solids by weight – as packaged: | 60.60 |
| Percent Solids by weight – as applied* - 2% | 83.60 |
| by wt hardener: | |
| VHAP Content by weight – as packaged: | 41.5 |
| VHAP Content by weight – as applied* - 2% | 17.3 |
| by weight hardener: | |
| | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity: Chemical stability: Possibility of hazardous | No data available Stable under normal conditions. No data available |
|---|--|
| reactions: Conditions to avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration): | Contamination |
| Incompatible materials: Hazardous decomposition products: | Oxygen Peroxides Strong acids Strong oxidizing agents Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide Styrene oxide Hydrocarbons |

11. Toxicological information

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Replaces:

| Replaces: | |
|---|---|
| Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact): | |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: | No data available |
| Delayed and immediate effects ar | nd also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure: |
| Immediate (Acute) Health Effects | by Route of Exposure: |
| Inhalation Irritation: | Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Excessive inhalation of vapors may cause nasal and respiratory irritation, acute nervous system depression, fatigue, weakness, nausea, headache and dizziness. Airborne overexposure well above the PEL may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like findings or pulmonary edema. |
| Inhalation Toxicity: | Harmful! Can cause systemic damage (see "Target Organs) |
| Skin Contact: | Can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. |
| Skin Absorption: | Causes skin irritation. Contact may cause irritation and possible dermatitis or sensitization. Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking of skin, and skin burns |
| Eye Contact: | Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure eye tissue. Contact with liquid or vapor may result in irritation, redness, tearing, and blurred vision. |
| Ingestion Irritation: | Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Causes gastrointestinal tract irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and possible ulcerations to mucous membranes. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. |
| Ingestion Toxicity: | Harmful if swallowed. May cause systemic poisoning. |
| Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effect | S: |
| Carcinogenicity: | Suspected of causing cancer. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified styrene as a group 2B carcinogen (possibly carcinogenic to humans). |
| Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: | May damage fertility or the unborn child. |
| Mutagenicity: | Suspected of causing genetic defects. |
| Inhalation: | Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache. Harmful! Can cause systemic damage upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure (see "Target Organs) |
| Skin Contact: | Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis. |

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Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates) Component Toxicology Data

| Chemical Component | Oral LD50 | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50 |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| Styrene | Oral LD50 Rat 5000 mg/kg | | Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat 24 g/m3 |

Whether the hazardous chemical is listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens (latest edition) or has been found to be a potential carcinogen in the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs (latest edition), or by OSHA

| Chemical Name | OSHA Carcinogen | IARC Carcinogen | NTP Carcinogen |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Styrene | N | Y | Y |
| Titanium dioxide | N | Y | Ν |

12. Ecological information

| Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available): | Toxic to aquatic life. Styrene is toxic to aquatic organisms and should not be released to sewage, draining systems or any body of water exceeding concentrations of approved limits under applicable regulations and permits. |
|---|--|
| Persistence and degradability: | No data available |
| Bioaccumulative potential: | No data |
| Mobility in soil: | No data available |
| Other adverse effects (such as | No data available |
| hazardous to the ozone layer): | |

Ecological Toxicity Data

| Chemical Component | Aquatic EC50 Crustacea | Aquatic ERC50 Algae | Aquatic LC50 Fish |
|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Titanium dioxide | Aquatic EC50 (48h) | | Aquatic LC50 (96h) > |
| | Daphnia > 1000 ml/l | | 1000 MG/L |

13. Disposal considerations

Description of waste residues and information on their safe handling and methods of disposal, including the disposal of any contaminated packaging

| Description of waste residues: | Spent or discarded material is a hazardous waste. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Safe Handling of Waste: | This material as supplied, if discarded, would be regulated as a |
| | hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261). |
| Waste treatment methods | Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or |
| (including packaging): | Provincial regulations. |
| Waste Disposal Code(s): | D001 |

14. Transport information

| UN number: | UN3269 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| UN proper shipping name: | POLYESTER RESIN KIT |
| Transport hazard class(es): | 3 |
| Packing group: | III |

The shipper is responsible for following all applicable regulations. The transportation classification provided is based on ITW Evercoat original packaging, which is suitable for domestic ground transport only.

| 15. Regulatory information | |
|----------------------------|--|
| | |

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

TSCA Status:

A component or components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances.

Regulated Components

| Chemical Component | CAS number and other unique identifiers | CERCLA | SARA EHS | SARA 313 | California Prop 65 |
|--------------------|--|--------|----------|----------|-----------------------|
| Styrene | 100-42-5 | Ν | N | Y | Y |
| Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | N | N | Y | Y |
| Styrene Oxide | 96-09-3 | N | N | Y | Y |

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision.

| Revision Date: | 08-19-2016 |
|------------------|------------|
| Revision Number: | 9 |

Disclaimer: NOTICE: The information accumulated herein is believed to be correct as of the date issued from sources, which are believed to be accurate and reliable. Since it is not possible to anticipate all circumstances of use, recipients are advised to confirm, in advance of need, that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances