

Safety Data Sheet

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 Document Group:
 31-7959-5
 Version Number:
 2.03

 Issue Date:
 08/15/16
 Supercedes Date:
 08/08/16

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3M(TM) Marine Adhesive Sealant Fast Cure 4200 Black; PN 06564, 06568

Product Identification Numbers

62-5573-5232-5, 62-5573-5235-8

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Sealant

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division **ADDRESS:** 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A.

Respiratory Sensitizer: Category 1. Skin Sensitizer: Category 1. Carcinogenicity: Category 2.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure): Category 1. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure): Category 1.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Danger

Symbols

Health Hazard |

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Pictograms



Hazard Statements

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs:

sensory organs |

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

nervous system |

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

sensory organs |

Precautionary Statements

General:

Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

2% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute dermal toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	9002-86-2	15 - 40 Trade Secret *
Phenol Alkyl Sulfonate	70775-94-9	10 - 35 Trade Secret *
Urethane Polymer	51447-37-1	10 - 35 Trade Secret *
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	1 - 5 Trade Secret *
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 2.0 Trade Secret *
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1 Trade Secret *
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 0.6 Trade Secret *
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	2530-83-8	< 0.4 Trade Secret *
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	< 0.2 Trade Secret *

^{*}The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

DO NOT USE WATER In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide

Condition

During Combustion
During Combustion

Hydrogen Cyanide Oxides of Nitrogen **During Combustion During Combustion**

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities, but do not seal the container for 48 hours to avoid pressure build-up. Clean up residue. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed to prevent contamination with water or air. If contamination is suspected, do not reseal container.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	OSHA	TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA:20 ppm	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	OSHA	CEIL:0.2 mg/m3(0.02 ppm)	
FREE ISOCYANATES	101-68-8	Manufacturer determined	TWA:0.005 ppm;STEL:0.02 ppm	
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	ACGIH	TWA:0.005 ppm	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	OSHA	TWA:5 mg/m3	
Calcium Oxide	1305-78-8	ACGIH	TWA:2 mg/m3	
Xylene	1330-20-7	OSHA	TWA:435 mg/m3(100 ppm)	
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA:100 ppm;STEL:150 ppm	A4: Not class. as human

				carcin
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	OSHA	TWA:3.5 mg/m3	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH	TWA(inhalable fraction):3 mg/m3	A3: Confirmed animal carcin.
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	9002-86-2	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):1 mg/m3	A4: Not class. as human carcin

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association

CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber

Neoprene

Nitrile Rubber

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron – Butyl rubber

Apron - Neoprene

Apron - Nitrile

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Solid **General Physical Form:**

Specific Physical Form: Paste

Odor, Color, Grade: Black thixotropic paste, slight solvent odor.

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableMelting pointNo Data Available

Boiling Point280 °FFlash PointNo flash pointEvaporation rateNot ApplicableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ClassifiedFlammable Limits(LEL)Not Applicable

Flammable Limits(UEL)

Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density

Not Applicable

No Data Available

No Data Available

Density 1.18 g/ml

Specific Gravity 1.18 [*Details:* Water = 1]

Solubility in Water Nil

Solubility- non-waterPartition coefficient: n-octanol/ water
No Data Available
No Data Available

Autoignition temperature >=750 °F

Decomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data Available

Hazardous Air Pollutants 2.4 % weight [*Test Method:* Calculated]

VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents36 g/l [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents0.30 lb/gal [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents3.0 % [Test Method: calculated SCAQMD rule 443.1]

Solids Content > 97 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Water

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<u>Substance</u> <u>Condition</u>

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient

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classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Allergic Respiratory Reaction: Signs/symptoms may include difficulty breathing, wheezing, cough, and tightness of chest.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness. Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

Eve Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause target organ effects:

Auditory Effects: Signs/symptoms may include hearing impairment, balance dysfunction and ringing in the ears.

Neurological Effects: Signs/symptoms may include personality changes, lack of coordination, sensory loss, tingling or numbness of the extremities, weakness, tremors, and/or changes in blood pressure and heart rate.

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Additional Information:

Persons previously sensitized to isocyanates may develop a cross-sensitization reaction to other isocyanates.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

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Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE > 50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Urethane Polymer	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Urethane Polymer	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Phenol Alkyl Sulfonate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 1,000 mg/kg
Phenol Alkyl Sulfonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Oxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,500 mg/kg
Xylene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,200 mg/kg
Xylene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 29 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Xylene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 3,523 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 15,433 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 17.4 mg/l
	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 4,769 mg/kg
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.3 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 7,010 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,000 mg/kg
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 0.368 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 31,600 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	Professio nal	No significant irritation
	judgeme nt	
Calcium Oxide	Human	Corrosive
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	official	Irritant
	classifica	
	tion	

Serious Eve Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Calcium Oxide	Rabbit	Corrosive
Xylene	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit	Moderate irritant
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Rabbit	Corrosive
Carbon Black	Rabbit	No significant irritation
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	official	Severe irritant

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classifica
tion

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Ethylbenzene	Human	Not sensitizing
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Guinea pig	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	official classifica tion	Sensitizing

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Human	Sensitizing

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Calcium Oxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Xylene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Ethylbenzene	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	In vivo	Not mutagenic
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Carbon Black	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Carbon Black	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	Not	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
	Specified		sufficient for classification
Xylene	Dermal	Rat	Not carcinogenic
Xylene	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Xylene	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Multiple	Carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Ingestion	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
Carbon Black	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	Rat	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Reproductive analysis Developmental Directs						
Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration	
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	Not Specified	Not toxic to development	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during gestation	

Xylene	Inhalation	Some positive female reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Xylene	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	during organogenesi s
Xylene	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	during gestation
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4.3 mg/l	premating & during gestation
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Not toxic to female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	1 generation
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Not toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	1 generation
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	during organogenesi s
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 0.004 mg/l	during organogenesi s

Lactation

Name	Route	Species	Value
Xylene	Ingestion	Mouse	Does not cause effects on or via lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Oxide	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	Not available	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	Causes damage to organs	Rat	LOAEL 6.3 mg/l	8 hours
Xylene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	not available
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	eyes	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 250 mg/kg	not applicable
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl isocyanate)	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classifica tion	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Poly(Vinyl Chloride)	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.013 mg/l	22 months
Xylene	Inhalation	nervous system	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 0.4 mg/l	4 weeks
Xylene	Inhalation	auditory system	May cause damage to organs though prolonged or repeated exposure	Rat	LOAEL 7.8 mg/l	5 days
Xylene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Inhalation	heart endocrine system hematopoietic system muscles kidney and/or bladder respiratory system	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.5 mg/l	13 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	2 weeks
Xylene	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,500 mg/kg/day	90 days
Xylene	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Xylene	Ingestion	heart skin endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic system immune system nervous system respiratory system	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 1.1 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 3.4 mg/l	28 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	auditory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	5 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	endocrine system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	103 weeks
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair muscles	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 4.2 mg/l	90 days
Ethylbenzene	Inhalation	heart immune system respiratory system	All data are negative	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 3.3 mg/l	2 years
Ethylbenzene	Ingestion	liver kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 680 mg/kg/day	6 months
3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl glycidyl ether	Ingestion	heart endocrine system bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair hematopoietic	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	28 days

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	1		I		1	T
		system liver				
		immune system				
		nervous system				
		kidney and/or				
		bladder respiratory				
		system				
		-				
Carbon Black	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the	Human	NOAEL Not	occupational
			data are not sufficient for		available	exposure
			classification			•
p,p'-Methylenebis(phenyl	Inhalation	respiratory system	Causes damage to organs through	Rat	LOAEL	13 weeks
isocyanate)			prolonged or repeated exposure		0.004 mg/l	

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Xylene	Aspiration hazard
Ethylbenzene	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No</u>	% by Wt
Xylene	1330-20-7	Trade Secret < 2.0
Xylene (Benzene, dimethyl-)	1330-20-7	< 2.0
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Trade Secret < 0.6

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

California Proposition 65

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	Classification
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Carcinogen
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	Carcinogen

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group: 31-7959-5 **Version Number:** 2.03 08/08/16 **Issue Date:** 08/15/16 **Supercedes Date:**

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